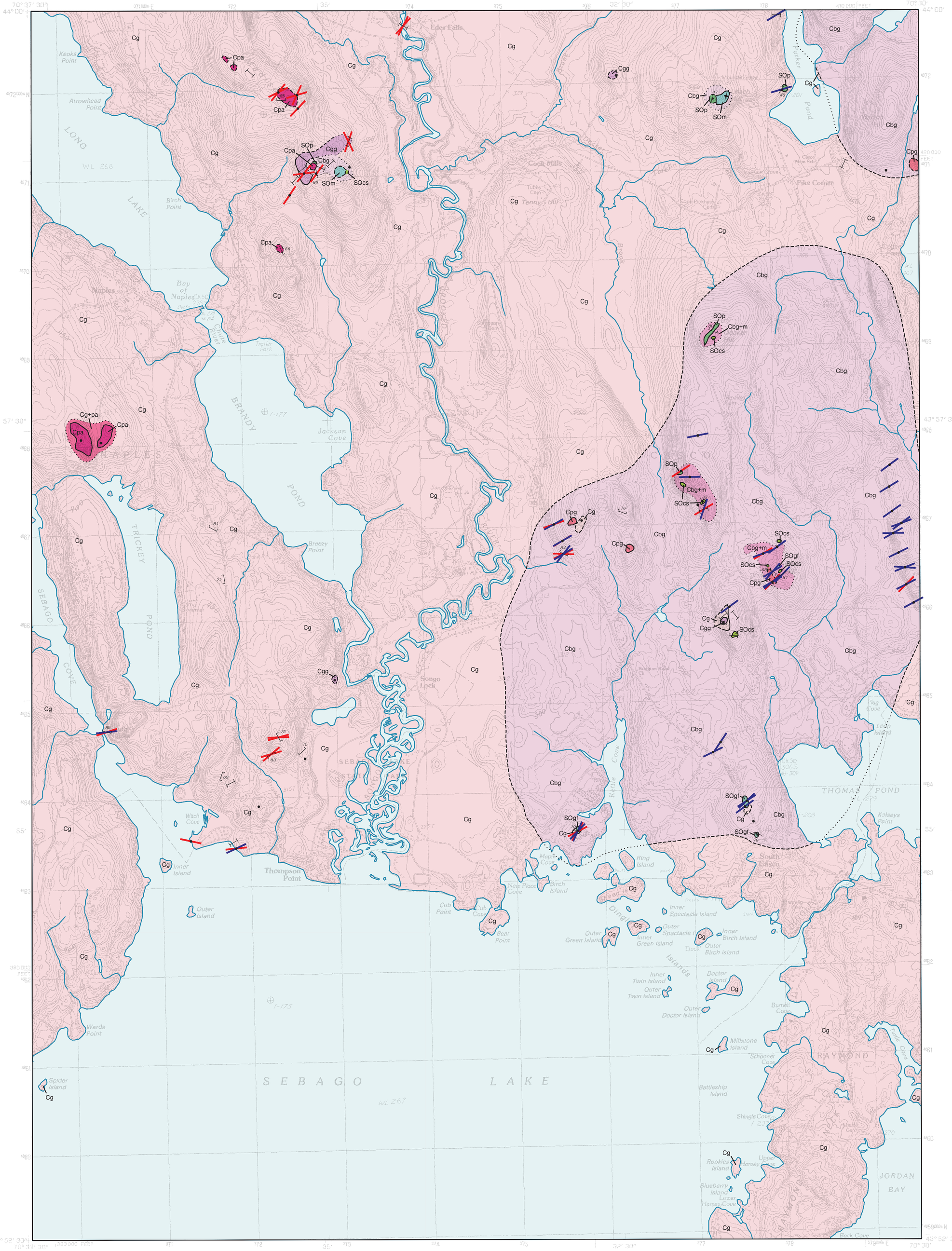

EXPLANATION OF UNITS

Intrusive Rocks

Mesozoic

Mafic dike. Reddish-brown weathering, black basaltic dikes.

Trachyte dike. Feldspar-bearing dikes are dark gray, weather chocolate-brown. Nepheline-bearing dikes are bluish gray, weather pale brown. Associated with the Rattlesnake Mountain igneous complex in neighboring Raymond quadrangle to the east.

Carboniferous

Rocks of the Sebago pluton

Cbg — **Biotite granite.** Medium-grained biotite granite with or without accessory muscovite, locally subporphyritic. Frequently associated with or gradational into pegmatitic stringers, segregations, and dikes. Associated with metasedimentary xenoliths and septa. Fine-grained variant interpreted as marginal facies.

Cbg + m - zones with extensive metasedimentary rock xenoliths.

Cpg — **Pegmatite.** Biotite-muscovite granite pegmatite generally free of metasedimentary inclusions and occurring as irregularly shaped bodies.

Cg — **Two-mica granite.** Medium-grained equigranular, biotite-muscovite granite, white to pale pink, generally lacking metasedimentary inclusions. Locally pegmatitic. Demonstrably younger than biotite granite. Best developed in southwestern portion of quadrangle.

Cg + pa - zones of extensive aplite intrusion about small aplite bodies.

Cgg — **Gray two-mica granite.** Fine-grained homogeneous, gray biotite-muscovite granite. Interpreted as marginal facies of Sebago granite.

Cpa — **Aplite.** Garnet-muscovite granite aplite and associated garnet-muscovite granite pegmatite. Outcrops heterogeneous with gradational (cm-scale) contacts between aplite and pegmatite.

Stratified Rocks

Ordovician or Silurian (?)

SOm — **Migmatite.** Metasedimentary lithologies intimately injected lit-par-lit by coarse-grained granite and pegmatite.

Metasedimentary rocks occurring chiefly as xenoliths and septa within granitite rocks, in particular biotite granite and pegmatite.

SOgf — **Biotite-quartz feldspar granofels.**

SOp — **Schist and metawacke.**

SOcs — **Calc-silicate rocks** (including layered granofels and skarn assemblages).

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

Foliation - inclined, vertical.

Joint - inclined, vertical.

Outcrops without structural data.

Symbols representing inclined planar features are annotated with dip angles.

Contact. All contacts are solid where approximately placed, dashed where inferred, dotted where concealed, and queried where uncertain.

Bedrock Geology of the Naples Quadrangle, Maine

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Quadrangle Location

SCALE 1 : 24,000

1 0 1 MILE

1000 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 FEET

1 0 1 KILOMETER

CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET

TRUE NORTH

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Bedrock mapping by John W. Creasy completed during the 1994 field season.

Topographic base from U.S. Geological Survey Naples quadrangle, scale 1:24,000 using standard U.S. Geological Survey topographic map symbols.

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